

The first time I watched a newly planted native garden wake up, it wasn't the flowers that told me we got it right. It was the noise. A soft thrum that rises about a week into bloom, when bees, hoverflies, and tiny metallic sweat bees start working the nectar bar. A good pollinator garden sounds alive. That's the benchmark I use when I design with native plants for families, commercial campuses, or small urban yards: can we make the place hum.

Designing for pollinators isn't a matter of tossing in a few coneflowers. It means stitching plant communities together, linking sun and shade with continuous bloom, adding water and nesting habitat, and making sure the hardscape doesn't work against the ecology. Done thoughtfully, the result is an outdoor living space that looks composed, stays resilient, and asks less of your weekends. What follows is a field-tested approach shaped by years of trial, a few mistakes, and plenty of happy clients.

Start with place, not plants

I start every project by reading the site. Soil texture, drainage, aspect, wind, existing tree canopy, and adjacent habitats matter more than a plant list. If your back fence borders a stormwater swale, for example, you already have a corridor for bumblebees and butterflies. If your front yard bakes against a south-facing brick wall, you have a heat island that favors drought-tolerant natives and early spring warm-up for ground-nesting bees. These small observations drive the layout and determine what maintenance will look like in year three, not just month three.

Many landscapes fail because drainage design for landscapes gets bolted on at the end. Pollinator gardens hate soggy crowns and scoured mulch. I'll often regrade subtly to create a long, shallow swale that carries water to a rain garden, then add a permeable paver edge so the adjacent patio sheds less runoff. Permeable paver benefits show up quickly in summer storms, when infiltration protects plant roots and reduces puddling. Good base preparation for paver installation also pays off by preventing heaving in freeze-thaw conditions and keeping the transition from hardscape to planting smooth for decades.

If your property has real slope, lean into it. Using topography in landscape design can add microclimates. South-facing berm shoulders suit prairie plants that like it hot and dry. North slopes let you extend bloom in cooler conditions. Retaining wall design services can shape terraces that slow water and create layered planting zones without the erosion that often follows an enthusiastic DIY cut into a hill.

Native plants are not a style, they are a system

Native plant landscape designs work when we build communities, not collections. I think in layers: canopy, understory, shrub, perennial, and ground layer. Each layer supports different pollinator behaviors and life cycles. Bumblebees often nest in old rodent burrows in the ground layer. Some solitary bees nest in hollow stems left at 8 to 24 inches through winter. Butterflies need host plants for their caterpillars, not just nectar. Hummingbirds look for tubular red flowers and twiggy shrubs to perch in between foraging.

My base palette changes by region, but the structure holds. A bird and bee heavy yard in the Midwest might start with serviceberry for spring bloom and fruit, pagoda dogwood for layered structure, and a mix of black chokeberry and New Jersey tea at the shrub layer. Perennials would include spring ephemerals, then a warm-season mix of bee balm, mountain mint, Culver's root, dotted mint, coneflower, rattlesnake master, prairie blazing star, and goldenrods that behave well in gardens. The ground layer gets sedges, prairie dropseed, and creeping phlox where it fits. In the Northeast, I shift in more inkberry holly, wild geranium, and native asters. In the Southeast, I lean on penstemons, coreopsis, salvias, and coastal plain goldenrod. The point isn't the specific names but the roles: nectar across the season, host foliage, structure for shelter, and continuous cover for soil.

Clients often ask for low-maintenance plants for the front yard. Natives can handle that ask if you match species to the site and set realistic expectations. A low-maintenance landscape layout rarely means zero effort, especially years one and two. The trick is to use dense planting and layered planting techniques to shade soil and outcompete weeds. I plan on 6 to 8 plants per square yard in the core beds. In the first season, we irrigate consistently and hand weed monthly. By year three, you're mostly editing thugs, cutting back stems, and enjoying the show.

The hum through the seasons

Pollinators need nectar and pollen from early spring to late fall. This is where many gardens fall short, blooming hard for eight weeks then going quiet. I build seasonal arcs on purpose. Spring starts with native willows, serviceberries, and red maples, plus groundcovers like woodland phlox and wild strawberry. Early bees wake up hungry, and wind-pollinated trees still offer pollen. Summer is your mid-season engine with bee balm, mountain mint, coneflower, milkweed, and

hyssop. Late summer into fall is nonnegotiable for migrators like monarchs and fuel-hungry bumblebee queens. Goldenrods, asters, blue sage, and sneezeweed carry the baton to frost. Where winters are long, evergreen and perennial garden planning should include structure and seed heads for birds. Don't deadhead everything. Leave coneflower and prairie dock standing. It looks sculptural in rime and feeds finches.

For clients who love color variety, I map seasonal flower rotation plans on a single-page calendar. It's not about ripping plants out, but about timing. If you augment with annuals, choose single-flowered marigolds, zinnias, and cosmos over double forms that hide nectar. Budget landscape planning tips apply here. Spend on woody structure first, then add perennials in phases.

Water, minerals, and nesting: the overlooked essentials

I add shallow water basins set with river pebbles so bees can land. Butterflies like damp soil with a mineral lick. A simple dish of water with a pinch of sea salt, kept shallow and refreshed weekly, does more for actual pollinator health than another ten square feet of bloom. Some clients get excited about natural water feature installation. A runnel or small pond and stream design can double as irrigation storage and wildlife support. If you go that route, waterfall design services should consider noise level, splash control, and safe access for children and pets. Water feature maintenance tips are straightforward when you keep the design simple: skimmer basket checks, pump cleaning twice a season, and shade on part of the surface to control algae.

Nesting is quieter work. I leave 30 percent of the bed edges with bare, well-drained mineral soil for ground-nesting bees. We cut perennial stems in late winter, leaving 8 to 18 inches of hollow stalk for cavity nesters, then finish the cut-down in late spring. Sustainable mulching practices matter too. Heavy bark mulch smothers ground nests and traps moisture. I prefer a thin, 1 inch layer of shredded leaf compost after the first year, or a green mulch of dense sedges and low natives to reduce weeding without suffocating life.

Family-friendly landscape design, without sacrificing ecology

Families worry about bee stings, dog traffic, and kid space. We can have robust pollinator habitat and a yard that functions for a busy household. I carve multi-use backyard zones that define clear circulation and active areas. A lawn panel large enough for play sits away from the highest nectar activity in peak bloom hours. A crushed gravel path or mown meadow strip gives dogs a predictable route. Pet-friendly yard design prefers non-toxic species and avoids seedheads with barbs in heavy traffic areas. For kid-friendly landscape features, I'll tuck a log pile and a small sand dig near the vegetable beds. Children tend to notice life first, and their slower, lower movement is less threatening to bees than adults think.

Outdoor dining space design pairs well with pollinator gardens when we manage scent and distance. I set dining patios upwind of the showiest nectar patches and give at least six feet between chairs and dense bloom clusters. A pergola installation on deck or a simple shade sail reduces glare and heat so humans stay happy while the borders vibrate with life. If a client wants a fire element, we talk through fire pit vs outdoor fireplace. Fire pits throw sparks near low plantings. A properly vented fireplace at the edge of a patio puts flame further from pollinator beds. Either way, keep ignition sources well away from late-season seedheads.

Hardscape that helps, not hurts

Balanced hardscape and softscape design is the backbone of a garden that looks intentional. Too much paving cooks the microclimate and reflects heat back onto flowers, shortening bloom time. Too little and the garden feels messy or hard to use. I suggest a patio sized for the largest gathering you host twice a year, not the biggest blowout you imagine. Patio and walkway design with permeable joints or fully permeable pavers reduces runoff. On driveways, permeable bands or a permeable wheel path can capture thousands of gallons a year in moderate rainfall regions, which helps your plantings ride out summer dry spells. Freeze-thaw durability in hardscaping matters where winters bite. Concrete vs pavers vs natural stone is less about aesthetics than performance and budget. Cast concrete is cost-effective but benefits from expansion joints in patios to prevent random cracking. Pavers allow localized repairs and flex with minor settlement if you specified proper compaction before paver installation. Natural stone offers unmatched character, but thickness and bedding prep need professional oversight.

Lighting is another lever. Landscape lighting techniques aimed away from beds, with warmer color temperatures and shielded fixtures, let you enjoy night views without disorienting moths. Nighttime safety lighting on steps and path nodes, not blanket illumination, creates a gentle environment. If you add outdoor audio system installation, keep volumes moderate near habitat zones. Vibration and constant loud sound can disrupt bird behavior.

Smart water, sane maintenance

Smart irrigation design strategies are invaluable in the establishment phase. Drip or low-precipitation MP rotators trained on root zones reduce fungal pressure on foliage, keep pollinators dry, and conserve water. In heavy clay, I water deeply, then let the soil breathe before the next cycle. After year two, most native plantings can shift to rain only, with supplemental watering during extreme droughts. Summer lawn and irrigation maintenance rules still apply to any turf panels, but we keep them small.

A maintenance plan is where pollinator friendly garden design lives long term. If you want a year-round outdoor living room, you need tasks that fit busy schedules. I write seasonal task sheets per property. Spring landscaping tasks include editing out winter annual weeds before they seed, cutting perennial stems to the desired height for cavity nesters, and checking the irrigation. Fall yard prep checklist keeps seedheads you like, removes diseased foliage, and prioritizes structural cuts on shrubs. Protect plants from winters by leaving some standing biomass, applying compost around sensitive crowns, and avoiding late fall cutbacks that encourage tender growth. Prepare outdoor lighting for winter by re-aiming heads after dieback and checking connections before ground freezes. Snow and ice management without harming hardscapes is simple: use sand and calcium magnesium acetate rather than rock salt near beds and permeable pavers.

Common missteps and how to avoid them

I see the same common landscape planning mistakes during consultations. Beds are too narrow, so plants lean out of bounds. The bloom window collapses in mid to late summer. Mulch seas with dot plants that never knit. The wrong hardscape edging traps water against plant crowns. Or the client bought every native on a list without asking if they play well together. Phased landscape project planning helps. Start with the structure: grading, drainage, primary hardscape, and woody plants. Add perennials and ground layers in waves so you can adjust based on how the garden responds. 3D landscape rendering services and 3D modeling in outdoor construction can be helpful for visualizing massing and how a pergola or retaining wall will cast shade over key flowering zones at different times of day.

Another frequent miss is tree placement for shade. Trees are crucial to cool patios and extend human comfort, but drop a red oak on the south edge of a prairie palette and you'll convert a sun garden to dry shade within five years. We model mature canopy spread. If shade is part of your plan, choose shade-tolerant nectar plants like alumroot, zigzag goldenrod, blue-stemmed goldenrod, and bottlebrush grass.

Budgets, trade-offs, and value

Premium landscaping vs budget landscaping in a pollinator context often comes down to how much of the work you phase and who installs it. Hardscape installation and retaining wall design services demand professional crews because mistakes get expensive. Planting can be phased with homeowner involvement. I tell clients to invest in the bones: grading, drainage, primary patios, and trees. Then we add perennials and specialty features season by season. Landscaping ROI and property value improve when landscapes look intentional and are easy to use. A pollinator garden that hums and a patio that hosts comfortably signal care, which buyers notice. If you need a landscaping cost estimate, credible ranges for a full property renovation vary widely by region, but I often see \$20 to \$40 per square foot for combined hardscape and softscape with professional crews, and less when phasing and DIY planting reduce labor.

Hiring the right partner helps. There are differences between landscape architecture vs design. Landscape architects handle grading, drainage, complex structures, and permitting. Landscape designers excel at planting composition, outdoor living space design, and material selection. A design-build process benefits most residential projects by keeping one accountable team from concept through installation. If certifications matter to you, ask about ILCA certification meaning in your region, or state licensure for landscape architects. When searching, it's fine to start with local landscape contractors and a landscape designer near me, then narrow to firms with native plant portfolios and sustainable landscape design services.

Small yards, narrow side yards, and dense neighborhoods

Not every property can host a meadow. Landscape design for small yards shines when you compress layers. Narrow, 3 to 4 foot deep side yard transformation ideas include a ribbon of sedges, spring ephemerals against the foundation, and a vine-covered trellis to lift nectar vertically. Outdoor privacy walls and screens can support native vines like coral honeysuckle that feed hummingbirds without seeding aggressively. A small reflecting pool installation or a bird bath on a pedestal creates a focal point and reliable water source. Lighting in tight spaces should be subtle. Shielded path lights and a single warm-toned accent on a multi-stem serviceberry are enough.

If you have parkways or curb strips, check municipal landscaping contractors and codes before planting. Many cities now support drought resistant landscaping and xeriscaping services with native mixes that handle street heat and salt. A tough palette of little bluestem, coreopsis, aromatic aster, and prairie dropseed can thrive here while feeding pollinators.

Edible landscapes that share with pollinators

Edible landscape design sits naturally beside pollinator goals. Blueberries, raspberries, fruiting serviceberries, and herbs like thyme, oregano, and basil are bee magnets. I routinely underplant espaliered apples with low-growing thyme, then add native mint relatives just outside the dripline. Outdoor kitchen planning can sit adjacent to these plantings so you can harvest without pushing through nectar clouds. Outdoor kitchen structural design should consider grease management and ventilation so you don't coat nearby blooms. Keep heat and smoke downwind of delicate perennials. Stone patio maintenance tips matter here. Seal natural stone near cooking zones to prevent oil staining, and choose mortar types that handle thermal swings. Types of masonry mortar and brick vs stone vs concrete finishes are more than aesthetic choices around heat. Specify heat-tolerant materials near grills and pizza ovens.

Privacy, views, and the neighbor factor

Garden privacy solutions often start with fences, but layered planting softens edges and feeds wildlife. A staggered hedge of arrowwood viburnum, American hazelnut, and tall switchgrass provides nectar, larval food, and bird cover. Outdoor privacy walls and screens built with slatted wood provide perches and light play without cutting wind entirely. If your neighbor runs a mosquito fogger, talk. Share how pollinator friendly garden design reduces pests by supporting predators and that blanket spraying kills the beneficials first. Offer practical alternatives like fan use on patios or targeted larvicide in gutters.

When a pool or hot tub is part of the picture

Pool design that complements landscape and pollinators takes a light hand. Pollinators can drown in slick-edged pools, so I add a shallow wildlife step in one corner and soft plantings that stop short of spill edges. Pool lighting design should stay warm and controlled to avoid attracting night insects over the water. Pool deck safety ideas include grippy pavers, rounded edges, and planting setbacks that keep seedheads from littering the deck. If you plan a plunge pool installation or hot tub integration in patio, keep equipment pads screened with shrubs that tolerate heat and occasional splash, like inkberry or bayberry. Reflecting pools are beautiful but need careful siting. Place them where falling leaves won't overwhelm filtration and where their cool surface won't shade heat-loving blooms you rely on in fall.

A note on maintenance services and when to call for help

Some clients want seasonal landscaping services so they can enjoy the garden without the learning curve. Landscape maintenance services that understand native plant dynamics will cut less, edit more, and time work to life cycles. Spring yard clean up near me often arrives with blowers and baggers. I prefer a lighter touch. Remove matted leaves over crowns, leave some stems, and top-dress with compost. Fall leaf removal service becomes selective, not total. Keep leaves as mulch in beds and remove only where they smother lawn.

Tree trimming and removal needs an arborist, especially around mature canopy that defines microclimates. Emergency tree removal after storms is not a DIY moment. Storm damage yard restoration should include a check on soil compaction from equipment and, if needed, light aeration in trafficked zones. For lawns, the question of how often to aerate lawn depends on soil and use. High traffic clay lawns might need annual core aeration, while low-traffic loams can go every two to three years. Same day lawn care service has a place before events, but regular mowing at a higher blade height is better for clover and pollinator-friendly turf mixes.

Two quick tools: a planning sequence and a material comparison

Planning sequence for a pollinator-forward yard that looks great and works for daily life:

- Read the site: soils, drainage, sun, wind, neighbor context, and existing canopy. Mark water flow and opportunities for infiltration.
- Build the bones: grade for water, set patios and paths, add permeable edges, plant trees. Run sleeves for irrigation and lighting.
- Plant structure: install shrubs and the first third of perennials. Mulch lightly with shredded leaves or compost.

- Observe and adjust: watch sun angles, wet spots, bloom gaps. Add the second third of perennials and groundcovers.
- Finish and tune: fill final gaps for seasonal continuity, dial irrigation back, set lighting levels, and write a simple annual maintenance sheet.

Material trade-offs for primary hardscape near pollinator beds:

- Concrete: cost-effective, fast to install. Needs expansion joints, can reflect heat. Choose lighter colors to reduce heat load.
- Pavers: modular, repairable, compatible with permeable systems. Requires precise base prep to prevent settling.
- Natural stone: timeless character and cool underfoot. Higher cost, needs skilled installation and appropriate thickness.

Design for people first, then let the plants do their work

Outdoor living design for entertainers still belongs in a pollinator garden. Year-round outdoor living rooms are possible when you think in microclimates. A sunny breakfast patio near spring bloom, a shaded afternoon reading nook under a small tree, a fire feature for shoulder seasons, and a modest open lawn for play. The garden becomes a series of rooms stitched by nectar corridors. Outdoor space psychological benefits show up quickly. Clients mention they take coffee outside more, their kids notice caterpillars, and meetings end on the patio. This is the practical magic of native plants in a human-centered landscape.

If you are exploring professional help, a full service landscape design firm that offers garden landscaping services, hardscape installation services, and irrigation installation services can keep details aligned. Ask to see 3D landscape rendering services if you struggle to visualize. Discuss landscape project timelines so you're not pushing planting into high heat. Ask for references from custom landscape projects similar in scale and microclimate. Whether you search for a landscaping company near me or a [waveoutdoors.com deck builders near me](https://www.waveoutdoors.com) top rated landscape designer, prioritize portfolios that show layered planting, restrained hardscape, and evidence of seasonal interest across the year.

Above all, measure success by life and use. A balanced hardscape that invites you out, plant communities that carry the hum from April through frost, and a maintenance rhythm that fits your calendar. Pollinators do the rest. They arrive when you build the table, and they bring your garden to life.

Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design is a full-service landscape design, construction, and maintenance company in Mount Prospect, Illinois, United States.

Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design is located in the northwest suburbs of Chicago and serves homeowners and businesses across the greater Chicagoland area.

Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design has an address at 600 S Emerson St, Mt. Prospect, IL 60056.

Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design has phone number (312) 772-2300 for landscape design, outdoor construction, and maintenance inquiries.

Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design has website <https://www.waveoutdoors.com> for service details, project galleries, and online contact.

Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design has Google Maps listing at <https://www.google.com/maps?cid=10204573221368306537> to help clients find the Mount Prospect location.

Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design has Facebook page at <https://www.facebook.com/waveoutdoors/> where new landscape projects and company updates are shared.

Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design has Instagram profile at <https://www.instagram.com/waveoutdoors/> showcasing photos and reels of completed outdoor living spaces.

Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design has Yelp profile at <https://www.yelp.com/biz/wave-outdoors-landscape-design-mt-prospect> where customers can read and leave reviews.

Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design serves residential, commercial, and municipal landscape clients in communities such as Arlington Heights, Lake Forest, Park Ridge, Northbrook, Rolling Meadows, and Barrington.

Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design provides detailed 2D and 3D landscape design services so clients can visualize patios, plantings, and outdoor structures before construction begins.

Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design offers outdoor living construction including paver patios, composite and wood decks, pergolas, pavilions, and custom seating areas.

Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design specializes in hardscaping projects such as walkways, retaining walls, pool decks, and masonry features engineered for Chicago-area freeze-thaw cycles.

Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design provides grading, drainage, and irrigation solutions that manage stormwater, protect foundations, and address heavy clay soils common in the northwest suburbs.

Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design offers landscape lighting design and installation that improves nighttime safety, highlights architecture, and extends the use of outdoor spaces after dark.

Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design supports clients with gardening and planting design, sod installation, lawn care, and ongoing landscape maintenance programs.

Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design emphasizes forward-thinking landscape design that uses native and adapted plants to create low-maintenance, climate-ready outdoor environments.

Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design values clear communication, transparent proposals, and white-glove project management from concept through final walkthrough.

Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design operates with crews led by licensed professionals, supported by educated horticulturists, and backs projects with insured, industry-leading warranties.

Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design focuses on transforming underused yards into cohesive outdoor rooms that expand a home's functional living and entertaining space.

Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design holds Angi Super Service Award and Angi Honor Roll recognition for ten consecutive years, reflecting consistently high customer satisfaction.

Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design was recognized with 12 years of Houzz and Angi Excellence Awards between 2013 and 2024 for exceptional landscape design and construction results.

Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design holds an A- rating with the Better Business Bureau (BBB) based on its operating history as a Mount Prospect landscape contractor.

Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design has been recognized with Best of Houzz awards for its landscape design and installation work serving the Chicago metropolitan area.

Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design is convenient to O'Hare International Airport, serving property owners along the I-90 and I-294 corridors in Chicago's northwest suburbs.

Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design serves clients near landmarks such as Northwest Community Healthcare, Prairie Lakes Park, and the Busse Forest Elk Pasture, helping nearby neighborhoods upgrade their outdoor spaces.

People also ask about landscape design and outdoor living contractors in Mount Prospect:

Q: What services does Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design provide?

A: Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design provides 2D and 3D landscape design, hardscaping, outdoor living construction, gardening and maintenance, grading and drainage, irrigation, landscape lighting, deck and pergola builds, and pool and outdoor kitchen projects.

Q: Does Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design handle both design and installation?

A: Yes, Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design is a design-build firm that creates the plans and then manages full installation, coordinating construction crews and specialists so clients work with a single team from start to finish.

Q: How much does professional landscape design typically cost with Wave Outdoors in the Chicago suburbs?

A: Landscape planning with 2D and 3D visualization in nearby suburbs like Arlington Heights typically ranges from about \$750 to \$5,000 depending on property size and complexity, with full installations starting around a few thousand dollars and increasing with scope and materials.

Q: Does Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design offer 3D landscape design so I can see the project beforehand?

A: Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design offers advanced 2D and 3D design services that let you review layouts, materials, and lighting concepts before any construction begins, reducing surprises and change orders.

Q: Can Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design build decks and pergolas as part of a project?

A: Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design designs and builds custom decks, pergolas, pavilions, and other outdoor carpentry elements, integrating them with patios, plantings, and lighting for a cohesive outdoor living space.

Q: Does Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design install swimming pools or only landscaping?

A: Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design serves as a pool builder for the Chicago area, offering design and construction for concrete and fiberglass pools along with integrated surrounding hardscapes and landscaping.

Q: What areas does Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design serve around Mount Prospect?

A: Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design primarily serves Mount Prospect and nearby suburbs including Arlington Heights, Lake Forest, Park Ridge, Downers Grove, Western Springs, Buffalo Grove, Deerfield, Inverness, Northbrook, Rolling Meadows, and Barrington.

Q: Is Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design licensed and insured?

A: Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design states that each crew is led by licensed professionals, that plant and landscape work is overseen by educated horticulturists, and that all work is insured with industry-leading warranties.

Q: Does Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design offer warranties on its work?

A: Yes, Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design describes its projects as covered by "care free, industry leading warranties," giving clients added peace of mind on construction quality and materials.

Q: Does Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design provide snow and ice removal services?

A: Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design offers winter services including snow removal, driveway and sidewalk clearing, deicing, and emergency snow removal for select Chicago-area suburbs.

Q: How can I get a quote from Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design?

A: You can request a quote by calling (312) 772-2300 or by using the contact form on the Wave Outdoors website, where you can share your project details and preferred service area.

Business Name: Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design

Address: 600 S Emerson St, Mt. Prospect, IL 60056, USA

Phone: (312) 772-2300

Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design

Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design is a landscaping, design, construction, and maintenance company based in Mt. Prospect, Illinois, serving Chicago-area suburbs. The team specializes in high-end outdoor living spaces, including custom hardscapes, decks, pools, grading, and lighting that transform residential and commercial properties.

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Website: <https://waveoutdoors.com/>

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Monday – Friday: 8:00 AM – 5:00 PM

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